- 1 went through this already but the
- 2 incremental cost of selling the NFL Network to
- 3 Comcast is very low. There might be some very
- 4 small marketing costs, but it doesn't cost -
- 5 it isn't like building a new car where you
- 6 actually have to incur a lot of additional
- 7 marginal costs to make an additional
- 8 incremental sale, right?
- 9 A To make a copy, there is no extra
- 10 cost. Can I grant you that? Is that fair?
- 11 Again, you keep saying selling
- 12 cost, and I do think there is incremental
- 13 selling cost to get the next subscriber. But
- in terms of making a copy of the program
- 15 itself there is no incremental cost, I grant
- 16 you that. The production cost, the
- incremental production cost. Can we agree on
- 18 that?
- 19 Q Yes, I think I would certainly
- 20 agree with that. And isn't it true that the
- 21 NFL Network would make money selling to
- 22 Comcast at half the price that you projected

- 1 here? It would be incremental profitable for
- 2 the NFL Network to do that, wouldn't it?
- 3 A I'm not so sure in the sense that
- 4 they would have to what they are trying to
- 5 do in this conversation that I just had with
- 6 the judge is that they were trying to maximize
- 7 profit based on this asset. One option is to
- 8 sell it to Comcast and let Comcast distribute
- 9 these games exclusively through Versus, in
- 10 which Comcast would write a check for a
- 11 Another one is to try to
- 12 sell it as your own network and try to fetch
- 13 as much as you can.
- So the idea that I can just willy-
- 15 nilly drop the price and not care about the
- 16 alternative that I just sacrificed, well, it's
- 17 a serious issue, and the way that you stated
- 18 it was a little too casual.
- 19 Q I guess what I'm trying to get at
- 20 is -
- JUDGE SIPPEL: We have another
- 22 Mayday call. Does somebody have a Blackberry

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1 on? Or may have a Blackberry on? It's not
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- 2 me, because I forgot mine.
- 3 (Pause)
- 4 JUDGE SIPPEL: Better?
- 5 I'm sorry I interrupted.
- 6 BY MR. BURKE:
- 7 Q But again, first off, let's talk
- 8 about from the perspective of the NFL Network.
- 9 Because I think your counsel has made a big
- 10 point of distinguishing between enterprises
- 11 and the NFL.
- 12 So focusing on the NFL Network
- 13 itself, enterprises, it'd be profitable for
- 14 enterprises to sell to Comcast at half the
- 15 price you projected here, wouldn't it?
- 16 A You mean would they make
- 17 incremental margins, ignoring the up front
- 18 cost or the opportunity cost that they had to
- 19 sell the rights to some third party. Of
- 20 course the answer is yes. But the way I
- 21 interpret your question is, if I have a patent
- 22 over some drug would I make incremental

- 1 profits if I sold it at 5 cents instead of 50
- 2 dollars a pill? Yes, I would make incremental
- 3 profits, but I don't understand what it
- 4 establishes.
- 5 Q I'm not asking what it
- 6 establishes; I'm just asking you to answer the
- 7 question.
- 8 A Okay, well I grant you -
- 9 Q And the answer is yes.
- 10 A Well, the answer is what I said it
- 11 was.
- 12 Q Which I think was yes if you boil
- 13 it down.
- 14 A I'd prefer, instead of allowing
- 15 you to characterize the testimony on the
- 16 question, I gave you the best answer that I
- 17 could. WE can go back.
- 18 Q Let's not. I'd like to change
- 19 subjects a little bit and talk about crabs.
- 20 A Talk about?
- 21 Q I said about crabs.
- 22 A As in the kind you eat?

- 1 Q That is correct. Your Honor
- 2 brought that up as an example for pricing.
- 3 And in terms of trying to figure out what the
- 4 proper valuation of something is.
- 5 So let's take a hypothetical where
- 6 there are 100 bushels of crabs that have come
- 7 in to the dock, and let's say that Your Honor,
- 8 let's say that 20 of those bushels are sold at
- 9 \$10, and the other 80 are sitting there on the
- 10 docks still, they haven't sold yet. And there
- 11 are people who are kind of coming around
- 12 looking at them. There have been maybe some
- 13 bids and asks on the rest of those 80, but no
- one else has actually had a meeting of the
- 15 minds yet on those other 80 of the bushels.
- Is it your view that the proper
- 17 way to value those other 80 bushels is to say,
- 18 it was \$10 for those first 20, so it's got to
- 19 be \$10 for the other 80?
- 20 A I think if I had sold the first 20
- 21 at give me the number again?
- 22 O At \$10.

- 1 A At \$10, and then another customer
- 2 walked up to me and said, I want to buy a
- 3 crab, I would say, I'm selling these crabs at
- 4 \$10. So I believe that, yes, to use another
- 5 analogy, if you want to value my house, look
- 6 at the five homes that sold that are identical
- 7 to it to the left or right. I am sure there
- 8 were bidders that went up to that home, to my
- 9 neighbor's home, and decided not to bid. But
- 10 I wouldn't poll the guy who didn't buy the
- ll home after the fact and say what were you
- 12 willing to pay. He didn't buy the home;
- 13 somebody else bought the home. And that
- 14 transaction is what created the marketplace.
- 15 Q Let's try to tie this into the
- 16 case, and then we will continue with our
- 17 hypotheticals.
- When you did this analysis you
- 19 looked at people, MPVDs, that had actually
- 20 reached an agreement with the NFL Network to
- 21 carry the NFL Network, right? There are
- 22 people who have agreements with the NFL

- 1 Network, right?
- 2 A Correct.
- 3 Q And in your regression analysis
- 4 you didn't put in anything for the people who
- 5 decided the NFL Network was too expensive,
- 6 right?
- 7 A I did not, and I should not have.
- 8 Q And we looked through the
- 9 documents earlier that showed there are lots
- 10 of MPVDs that have concluded that the NFL
- 11 Network is too expensive and they don't want
- 12 to pay what the NFL Network is asking.
- 13 Remember those documents?
- 14 A Yes, including some who thought it
- 15 was too expensive and yet paid the market
- 16 price, yes.
- 17 Q And unless they actually reached
- 18 an agreement with the NFL, you didn't factor
- 19 that into your calculation; isn't that right?
- 20 A Correct.
- 21 Q So in the situation, going back to
- 22 the bushel of crabs, your view is that what

- 1 the first 20 bushels sell for is necessarily
- 2 the right price for the other 80, even if
- 3 there have been people who looked at them and
- 4 decided that is too expensive; I'm going to
- 5 come back later in the day and maybe I'll get
- 6 them for six.
- 7 A I don't know if I'm going to
- 8 accept the crab analogy here. But based on my
- 9 best advice and opinion, my expert opinion on
- 10 how to do the valuation, we look at the
- 11 transaction prices, the market prices, of what
- 12 it has sold for in the market. The FCC tells
- 13 me to do that; I know that from economic
- 14 theory. And my analogy, which I think is more
- 15 apt, is, I wouldn't go poll the person who
- 16 looked at my neighbor's house but decided not
- 17 to buy it, and he went to another
- 18 neighborhood, I wouldn't poll him and ask him
- 19 what would you have paid, I would just look at
- 20 what the price my neighbor's house would have
- 21 sold for.
- Q We'll talk some housing analogies

- 1 in a minute, but I want to stick with crabs.
- 2 I mean crabs are obviously perishable goods.
- 3 The day is getting late, it's getting a little
- 4 stinky, you might have to drop the price of
- 5 your crabs to clear out the rest of those
- 6 crabs; isn't that possible?
- 7 A Now you are actually making my
- 8 point, which is that the analogy has no
- 9 relevance here. Now you are talking about a
- 10 perishable good, and I don't see why the NFL's
- ll program would perish over time.
- 12 Q Well, then, let's go to housing
- 13 then. Housing is not a perishable good
- 14 generally?
- 15 A Correct.
- 16 Q Okay, so let's posit a
- 17 subdivision, and we'll say it's in some place
- 18 that's doing great, like Orange County, or St.
- 19 Petersburg, Florida. And they build 100
- 20 houses in this subdivision, and they sold 20
- 21 of them for \$1 million. Then there are 80
- 22 that haven't been sold at all. And there are

- 1 buyers, they come and they bid \$500,000, and
- 2 the seller says, I'm not going to take it; I'm
- 3 going to hold out for more.
- 4 Is it your testimony that the
- 5 value of those 80 other houses is \$1 million
- 6 each?
- 7 A Hm. (Pause) I think that if the
- 8 seller has excess inventory and he wants to
- 9 move it, then the first price he is going to
- 10 name to the next guy who walks in the door is
- 11 what the first 20 sold for obviously. But if
- 12 he wants to move the inventory he might drop
- 13 it. But certainly we would not go out and
- 14 take a survey of the people who looked at the
- 15 20 houses that sold, but did not buy them, and
- 16 ask them what they thought the valuation was.
- 17 Their opinions don't matter.
- 18 Q So it's your testimony, I think,
- 19 that in fact that first 20 that sold for \$1
- 20 million does not mean necessarily the other 80
- 21 are worth a million dollars at all?
- 22 A I think that is the best indicator

- of what the other 80 are worth. Whether or
- 2 not they will fetch that in this stylized
- 3 example is another matter.
- 4 Q And if they'd gone unsold for a
- 5 year does that stop being the best indicator
- 6 of what they are worth? Did the fact that you
- 7 sold 20 at \$1 million, and the other 80 are
- 8 sitting there for a long time, people keep
- 9 coming, keep looking, keep turning it down,
- 10 doesn't that million-dollar projection start
- 11 to become a little less good a projection of
- 12 what the other 80 houses are worth?
- 13 A Well, now you are changing another
- 14 important fact, is that you are moving around
- 15 a demand curve. And of course if the demand
- 16 curve is revealed to be less than what we
- 17 thought it was, then if there is a recession
- 18 it's possible the value of the homes will go
- 19 down.
- 20 Q How many major new MVPD affiliates
- 21 has the NFL Network signed up in the last
- 22 year?

- 1 A They keep resigning people all the
- 2 time. They did two in the last month.
- 3 Q I asked for new affiliates, people
- 4 who are incremental new major MVP affiliates.
- 5 How many has the NFL signed up in the last
- 6 vear?
- 7 A I don't know.
- 8 Q So at some point, the projections
- 9 that have been signed up for these existing
- 10 MVPDs, they get stale, don't they?
- 11 A No. I'm trying to project what
- 12 the price would have been in 2008 based on
- 13 contracts that cover 2008 prices. I don't
- 14 know why they would be stale for 2008.
- 15 Q Actually I will even go further.
- 16 How many new affiliates has the NFL signed up
- in the last three years?
- 18 A I don't know. I have a database
- 19 of 240 contracts. They all have dates on them
- 20 when the transaction occurred, but I didn't
- 21 commit those to memory for today.
- 22 Q AS an economist, Dr. Singer,

- 1 aren't there situations where you can have a
- bunch of sales to one group of people at some
- price, and you can average that out or run a 3
- fancy regression on it, but there is a whole 4
- 5 other group of people who are unwilling to pay
- that price? Can't that situation arise? 6
- Yes, it can arise. 7
- And why would you use the price 8
- that the first group paid to project what the
- second group would pay? 10

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- Because going back to my housing 11
- 12 example, this is the market transactions. I
- 13 cannot question, when two buyers enter into a
- 14 - when a buyer and seller enter into a
- 15 voluntary transaction, and they sign a piece
- of paper that commits them to pay
- and you ask me what it's worth, I don't know 17
- how to make an adjustment downward for the 18
- fact that some people turned the 19
- 20 is my best estimate.
- 21 I'm sure there are a lot of people Q
- with houses in subdivisions in Southern 22

- 1 California and Florida that would love your
- 2 analogy. But isn't it possible that over time
- 3 those past projections don't actually project
- 4 the future?
- 5 A You are going to a very stylized
- 6 example. I am trying to sell my house right
- 7 now; I know what my neighbors sold their house
- 8 for in the past six months. That is the price
- 9 that I'm going to ask.
- 10 Q But all those houses are occupied,
- 11 isn't that right?
- 12 A All my yes, and in your example,
- 13 you are coming up with a very stylized or
- 14 extreme example where people are in despair,
- 15 and they are in foreclosure, and we are
- 16 running to the hills; our banks are being
- 17 closed down on us.
- I mean I can concoct an example
- 19 too that it doesn't work. But in my easier
- 20 to understand and more normal housing analogy,
- 21 if you are going to buy my house, which by the
- 22 way is for sale, look at what the transactions

- 1 were in the last six weeks on my street. You
- 2 would look at the transactions of the
- 3 identical colonials to the left and right that
- 4 sold in the last six months.
- 5 And your expert would ask me to go
- 6 poll the guy who looked at my neighbor's house
- 7 who didn't buy my neighbor's house. And I
- 8 would say that opinion is worthless to my
- 9 valuation.
- 10 O But isn't the difference here that
- in your subdivision all those houses are sold.
- 12 They are already occupied, versus the
- 13 hypothetical where there is excess inventory,
- 14 right?
- 15 A Right, but there is no excess
- 16 inventory building up that has to be let out
- 17 by NFL with the threat that it's otherwise
- 18 going to go bankrupt.
- 19 Q You heard Mr. Hawkins' testimony
- 20 yesterday about the market clearing price; do
- 21 you remember that?
- 22 A I heard it, yes.

- 1 Q And is the concept of a market
- 2 clearing price, are you familiar with that in
- 3 economics?
- 4 A Yes.
- 5 Q Okay, what is a market clearing
- 6 price?
- 7 A The definition I would have
- 8 offered you, and I didn't hear it yesterday,
- 9 would be the price at which supply and demand
- 10 intersect.
- 11 Q And the NFL's own internal
- 12 documents project that the market clearing
- 13 price for its inventory is between
- 14 and do you recall seeing that
- 15 document?
- 16 A No, I'm not sure that I've seen
- 17 it. I'm happy to look at it now, but what I
- 18 interpret that to mean is that if they wanted
- 19 to literally get 100 percent penetration
- 20 across the entire United States, they'd have
- 21 to bring in somewhere between and
- 22 percent. I don't think that that is their

- 1 objective. A firm does not set out in life to
- 2 say that what I want to do to day is sell the
- 3 most number of widgets that I humanly can.
- 4 They set out to maximize profits.
- 5 And sometimes maximizing profits
- 6 entails something different than maximizing
- 7 sales. That's not what firms do. As an
- 8 economist we don't subscribe to that.
- 9 That is I of course could set up a
- 10 price for anything I'm selling to ensure that
- 11 every person in the United States takes it,
- 12 but that is not my objective; my objective is
- 13 to maximize my profits, and that might call
- 14 for a price, a higher price, in which some
- 15 people buy it and some people don't buy it.
- 16 Q And that's what the NFL Network
- 17 has done, it has elected to price its product
- 18 highly and face the risk that some people are
- 19 going to turn up their nose and say, we don't
- 20 want this?
- 21 A I would say, all economists can
- 22 say on that point is that they have decided to

- 1 maximize profit the same way Comcast
- 2 presumably is maximizing profit. I mean that
- 3 is the central tenet of all economic theory.
- 4 All micro-theory begins with the assumption
- 5 that firms set prices in order to maximize
- 6 profit. That doesn't make NFL evil; that
- 7 doesn't make Comcast evil. They are just
- 8 maximizing profits.
- 9 Q Dr. Singer, I am not asking you to
- 10 put any normative judgments on this. I am
- 11 asking you, based on your extensive work on
- 12 this matter, the documents you reviewed, the
- 13 depositions you reviewed, the testimony that
- 14 you have heard in open court here, isn't it
- 15 the policy that the NFL has adopted is to
- 16 price its product highly and take on the risk
- 17 that it is going to have some extra inventory,
- 18 some extra crabs at the end of the day that it
- 19 can't sell?
- 20 A I wouldn't characterize it that
- 21 way. I would say that their policy is to
- 22 maximize profit. They have come up with a

- 1 number; on average a simple average is

but a weighted average is somewhere in

- 3 the Recognizing that not everyone is
- 4 going to take it at that price.
- 5 Q So they recognize that they might
- 6 have some crabs left over at the end of the
- 7 day?

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- 8 A Sure.
- 9 Q Okay. By the way you said that
- 10 the NFL Network is not perishable the way
- 11 crabs are, but isn't it in some sense? Each
- 12 individual game is perishable? Once the fall
- 13 season is over, once there are eight games of
- 14 play, in fact the value of the NFL Network for
- 15 the rest of that year declines significantly,
- 16 doesn't it?
- 17 A The value of that particular game
- 18 that is now past has declined, but they are
- 19 selling a stream of games that are going off.
- 20 into the future for five years at a time in
- 21 these contracts.
- 22 Q I know they are pretty lumpy

- 1 games; they are only occurring in the fourth
- 2 quarter of each year, right?
- 3 A The time of year that matters
- 4 most, correct.
- -5 Q Okay.
- 6 JUDGE SIPPEL: Is that the last
- 7 quarter, it's not all the games that are all
- 8 that attractive. It's only the games of the
- 9 ones that are contenders?
- 10 THE WITNESS: Right. So holding
- 11 all things equal, a game in the last quarter,
- in the fourth quarter, remember, that's when
- 13 the ratings surge, that is determining the
- 14 playoffs. At that point you know whether a
- 15 team, winning or losing, is going to make the
- 16 playoff. So the fourth quarter, in a game and
- in the season, is important.
- 18 And the NFL if I understand
- 19 correctly has some discretion over which games
- 20 are going to be played, are going to be
- 21 televised.
- JUDGE SIPPEL: Televised? All

- 1 right, never mind. That makes sense.
- BY MR. BURKE:
- 3 Q And just to be clear, none of
- 4 these are playoff games, right?
- 5 A The Dallas Cowboy-Baltimore Ravens
- 6 game that I TIVOed and watched at midnight had
- 7 the effect of being a playoff game. It was
- 8 the second to last week, and depending on
- 9 whether cr not Dallas and I'm admitting my
- 10 loyalties here won or lost was going to
- 11 dictate whether or not we made it into the
- 12 playoffs.
- 13 So the end of season games, that
- 14 is the time for the striking. That is the
- 15 time that people are most tuned in and excited
- 16 about watching football.
- 17 Q Dr. Singer, can you answer my
- 18 question please. Does the NFL Network offer
- 19 any playoff games?
- 20 A Oh, no, they do not.
- 21 Q Thank you. I want to talk a
- 22 little bit about regression analysis, and I

- don't you are the expert here, so I'm just
- 2 going to try to ask very basic questions, and
- 3 make sure we understand the best we can.
- 4 You used nine MVPDs in your
- 5 regression analysis; is that right?
- 6 A Nine MVPDs across four years in
- 7 time; correct, four or five years in time, I'm
- 8 sorry.
- 9 O And there are about 240 other
- 10 MVPDs that you elected not to include as part
- 11 of your sample. You elected to just select
- 12 these nine?
- 13 A Because these nine accounted for
- 14 95 percent of all the NFL subs that have been
- 15 sold.
- 16 Q If you only had nine observations
- 17 by itself, that would be inadequate to connect
- 18 a reliable regression analysis, right?
- 19 A So to restate, if you only had
- 20 2008 data for these nine MVPDs, that's how I'm
- 21 interpreting the question, so you literally
- 22 had nine observations in your database, that

- 1 generally would be too small to put into a
- 2 regression analysis, that is correct. Is that
- 3 okay?
- 4 Q Yes, nine observations is not
- 5 enough to do a reliable regression analysis;
- 6 that's correct.
- 7 A Yeah, if we only had 2008 data
- 8 that is correct, yes.
- 9 Q Now one of the things we talked
- 10 about was the contract or the price that you
- 11 have used for DIRECTV here. How did you
- 12 derive that price, Dr. Singer?
- 13 A Beginning with the surcharge,
- 14 which is the most important component, and
- 15 that comes out of the NFL-DIRECTV contract,
- 16 and that is I believe per subscriber
- 17 per month.
- 18 And if I'm recalling correctly we
- 19 had what are called remittance reports between
- 20 DIRECTV and NFL Network that showed the cash
- 21 flows between the two parties. And from that
- 22 we tried to figure out what the base rate was

- 1 to layer on top of the surcharge.
- 2 Q So looking here we've got about.
- or something, or for DIRECTV.
- 4 You're saying about or
- 5 rather, is the game surcharge, and the
- 6 balance, say is the base rate; is
- 7 that right?
- 8 A Correct.
- 9 Q Now have you actually looked at
- 10 the contract between DIRECTV and the NFL?
- 11 A You have to specify which one.
- 12 The one that I just looked at probably a few
- 13 days ago was the renewal contract. Is that
- 14 the one you are asking about?
- 15 Q Well, you didn't use that. That
- 16 contract doesn't apply to this time period,
- 17 the renewal contract, does it?
- 18 A It does not. I'm sorry, I was
- 19 just trying to figure which -
- 20 Q For the period that covered your
- 21 regression analysis, the contract was the 2004
- 22 DIRECTV-NFL contract.

- 1 A The sounds right.
- 2 Q Did you look at that 2004 DIRECTV-
- 3 NFL contract?
- 4 A Yes, I did, as well as my staff,
- 5 which was tasked with putting together the
- 6 database, yes.
- 7 Q And was there anywhere in that
- 8 contract a specification of what the base rate
- 9 was for the NFL Network?
- 10 A I don't believe a specification.
- 11 Like I said the only thing that was specified
- 12 was the surcharge. I believe the rules for
- 13 how the base rate would be established and
- 14 then got implemented th rough these remittance
- 15 reports I believe there was some language to
- 16 that effect, if I am recalling correctly.
- 17 But I grant you that they did not
- 18 agree to that base rate in that
- 19 contract.
- 20 O In fact the contract left the base
- 21 rate completely at the discretion of the NFL?
- 22 A I'm reluctant to weigh in on that

- 1 aspect, because it sounds more legal than
- 2 economic. But I'm happy to assume it for the
- 3 purposes of the questions.
- 4 Q Let's step back for a second.
- 5 This was a contract that covered not just the
- 6 NFL Network but also the Sunday Ticket, right?
- 7 A Correct.
- 8 Q It was a bundled contract, right?
- 9 A Yes, in fact DIRECTV got a bundled
- 10 rate. That is, they got a less than market
- 11 rate for this programming. I know you don't
- 12 like it, but it is actually helping you in
- 13 this analysis.
- 14 Q You don't have to characterize
- 15 whether I like it or not. I'm not sure I even
- 16 understand why I would like it or not,
- 17 frankly.
- 18 A Because you like lower rates, all
- 19 things equal.
- 20 O But what I'd like to understand
- 21 is, how do you separate out the price that is
- 22 being paid for the Sunday Ticket versus the